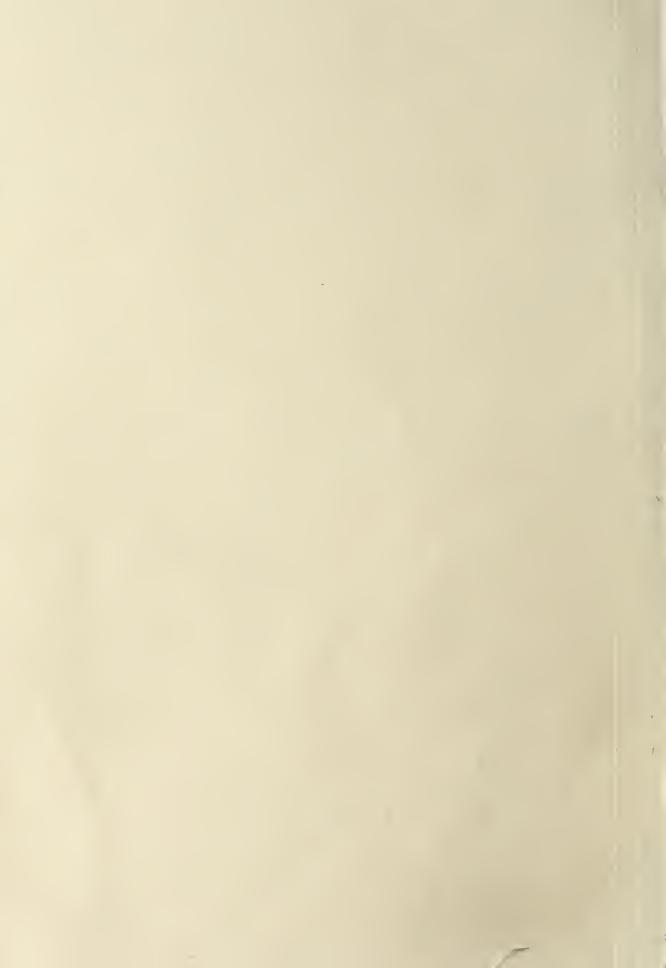
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The CKY GARDEN Reptucky GARDEN BOOK for 1932



Jacob Schulz Company Inc.

Post Office Box 646

Louisville, Kentucky

As One Garden Lover to Another

Let me express the appreciation we feel in having the opportunity of serving you. We present our Garden Book for 1932 with real pride, for it contains what we confidently feel is as fine an assortment of planting as can be found in any nursery in America. It is genuine pleasure to have you look through its pages, study the descriptions of the different varieties, and realize that here is real value in shrubs, trees and flowers.

We trust our friends will look upon the book as our personal representative. It contains the story of our work for the year past, and for many years past—work which we have carried on because we love it, and because we want to share its results with garden lovers everywhere.

"Kentucky Bred"--- a Guarantee of Quality

There are flowers and flowers—and still more flowers. Almost anyone can grow them, in one fashion or another. But not everyone can produce the best ones—that's where the rub comes. That's why we ask you to take thought a moment and realize just what "Kentucky Bred" plantings bring you.

"Kentucky Bred"—that's our slogan. It means quality, high quality, in every respect. It describes the kind of plants and flowers we produce, the kind we can conscientiously recommend and supply to our customers. If it's "Kentucky Bred," the class is there, whether it be women, horses, or flowers.

When in Louisville, Don't Fail to Call Upon Us

If ever you have the opportunity, come to see us. Nothing pleases us so much as to have visitors at the Schulz nurseries, for we know only a real interest brings them.

You will be entranced by our fields of magnificent flowering plants and growing shrubs. If it's "Dahlia Time," or "Iris Time," or time when any other special flowers are in bloom, you will be delighted and charmed with the gorgeous and truly inspiring displays.

Remember, Schulz is always at your service. We want our customers to succeed; therein lies our greatest pleasure and satisfaction. We will help you to success, with every means at our command. We will gladly help you plan your plantings, select your specimens, advise you how to grow them best—serve you in every way. Only give us the chance, and we will show you how satisfactory a real flower service can be.

High Spots in This 1932 Garden Book

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The Schulz Flower Store and Greenhouses.

Learn to Know Dahlias

A World of Pleasure Awaits You

We specialize in Dahlias because to us they are the most beautiful of flowers. While others may not entirely agree with this opinion, it must be admitted that they are without doubt the most beautiful of late summer's flowers. No garden, no matter how small or how large, is complete without a fair representation of these most gorgeous blooms.

History of the Dahlia

From the years 1571 to 1577 a Spanish physician, one Hernandez, resided in old Mexico. Like other professional men of his time, his interests were broad. No doubt his practice was limited, for he found time to write an extensive work on the animal and plant life of the

Some years afterwards, one Reccho brought Dr. Hernandez's work back to Europe with him and published it in Rome. The book contained among other interesting and unusual descriptions of plant and animal life, a brief mention, descriptions and illustration of the plant "Acoctli." His comments lead us to believe that the plant described was the Dahlia. It grew wild in the sandy soil of that country and in single form. This is the first known reference to the flower.

In 1791, Cavanilles, another Spaniard and botanist of note published a technical botanical description of a flower he had grown from seed brought from Mexico. He called it "Dahlia Pinnatta," "Dahlia" after a young Swedish botanist, Andreas Dahl, who had been Cavanilles' student and who had died just two years previous.

Such was the start of the Dahlia in Europe. In the early part of the nineteenth century the Dahlia was introduced into England and France and began to be extensively grown. From the single blossoms of "Acoctli" with its yellow disk center and scarlet rays, the various forms of the Dahlia have developed until now we have not only single blossoms in a profusion of colors but a large variety of shapes and forms, each one in as many different colors. Each year brings added varieties from growers, each a new prize to treasure. The Dahlia has become the most loved of all late summer flowers. There is a shape and form for each taste and a color for every mood.

The Culture of the Dahlia

The Dahlia thrives in an open, sunny location, though they will succeed in partial shade in some instances. They will grow in any kind of soil, but a rich, sandy loam is the best. To enrich poor ground in the fall, spade in well-rotted manure or decayed vegetation. Use bone meal at planting time, working it well into the soil. Spade the soil thoroughly as deep as possible before the tuber is planted.



Planting. Dahlias are planted in the spring. It is safe to plant them any time after the danger of frost is over. They usually blossom in from six to eight weeks after planting time. It is a good plan to start planting early and plant tubers about one to two weeks apart up until the middle or late

part of May When ready to plant place stout stakes at least three feet apart, four feet is better; then dig the holes about six inches deep and place the bulb in a horizontal position with the sprout end two inches from the stake. Never stand the bulb on end. This method of planting is known as the "stake" method and is the most successful for general results.

U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Cultivation. For the most beautiful flowers, cultivate often. Keep the soil loose around young plants. Do not permit it to bake or harden. After each rain cultivate them to keep the ground in good condition and prevent weed growth. Later in the season when the fine, silky roots come to the surface stop cultivation and put a mulch of some kind around the plant to retain moisture and protect the small roots.

Training the Plant. After several sprouts appear remove all but one or two from each plant. When they are sufficiently above the ground to show three or four leaves, pinch out the center stem. This will cause branches to grow from the laterals and produce a strong, bushy plant. At this time they should be securely tied to the stake with twine or some soft material. Continue the tying as the plant grows so that it will not be broken down by wind or other causes.

For Large Blooms. For extra large blooms remove the first set of side shoots from the first bud with a sharp knife. This forces the plant life that would have gone into the two side shoots into the first bud, making an extra large flower, much larger and giving a good stem. For exhibition purposes disbud every side shoot down the entire length of the stalk. The one flower that you will get from the plant will be of gigantic size.

Forcing for Exhibition. To produce the finest flowers for exhibition purposes, plant three to five feet apart, using a liberal amount of manure or fertilizers; cultivate frequently; apply fertilizer or manure, broadcast or liquid form, at each or every other hoeing, and disbud, making applications very effective for forcing. Apply when plants are in bud, making applications often, but do not use too much at a time. Apply nitrate of soda in crystal form on top of the ground, or in liquid form, using one tablespoon of nitrate of soda crystals to a gallon of water, using sprayer or watering can.

When the flower buds appear, only one bud should be allowed to come to maturity, enabling each branch to produce one exceptionally fine, perfect flower. The flowers, for quality, must not be allowed to receive the drenching rains or scalding sun when nearing full bloom and should be protected from such.

It is always advisable to cut flowers that are to be exhibited as late as possible at night when the dew is on them, placing them in water and keeping them as cool as possible over night, thereby enabling them to withstand handling, packing and transportation.

Watering. Use very little water until flowering buds appear, after which plants can be thoroughly watered

about once a week. Soak the ground until moist at least six inches deep. Rake over the surface the following day. This conserves moisture and lets in air and sunshine.

Harvesting. As soon as the frost kills the foliage and the strength of the stalk recedes into the tubers, harvest your Dahlias. Dig them up carefully, do not pull them up. After removing the clump from the ground, shake gently to remove the soil that will naturally fall off. Cut off at tops two or three inches from the clumps. Lay them in the sun and air for about an hour or two. Pack in a cool, frost-proof place having an average temperature of about 45 to 55 degrees. The cellar provides the best place for their storage. It is a good plan to insulate them from furnace and frost with burlap, paper or canvas. This excludes the air and preserves an even temperature. This is very important, as bulbs will shrivel and dry up if not properly taken care of.

Dividing the Clumps. Divide the clumps in the spring. In should be done carefully with a sharp knife or coping saw and particular care should be taken to avoid the necks of the tubers. The eyes of the tubers are easily recognized. Cut the tubers so that there is at least one eye on each division of the clump.

To Preserve Cut Flowers. Flowers should be cut late in the afternoon or early in the morning. Place tips of the stems in water for about twenty seconds while boiling on the stove and immediately plunge the tips deep into cold water. If blooms droop prematurely place stems deep in hot water and allow them to remain until the water cools. This will usually revive them. A pinch of salt in the water helps.

Classification of Dahlias. We follow the classification of Dahlias as adopted by the American Dahlia Society. Under the different headings and classifications the names and their application as recently defined by the American Dahlia Society follow:

Single. Open-centered flowers, small to very large, with 8 to 12 floral rays (petals) more or less in one circle, margins often decurved or revolute (turned down or backward).

Collarette. Of single type, with not more than nine large floral rays, but with a circle of smaller, narrower, usually different colored, rays standing at base or in front of larger rays and forming a collar between them and open center.

Duplex. Semi-double flowers; center almost exposed on opening of bud, rays more than twelve, in more than one circle, long and flat, or broad and rounded, not noticeably twisted or curled. Many Dahlias previously classed as Peony-flowered belong here.

Peony-flowered. Flowers are semi-double, having two, three or more rows of broad, flat, loosely arranged rays or petals, surrounding an open center, which is usually a conspicuous golden yellow, the inner floral rays being usually curled or twisted, the outer rays either flat, or more or less irregular. Sometimes the rays are pointed, occasionly they curl and twist over the center.

Decorative. Double flowers, full to the center, early in the season at least, flat rather than ball-shaped, with

broad, flat, somewhat loosely arranged floral rays with broad points or rounded tips which are straight or decurved (turned down or back), not incurved, and with margins revolute, if rolled at all.

Ball Shaped, Double. Full to the center.

(A) **Show Type.** Flowers globular or ball-shaped, rather than broad or flat,



full to the center, showing regular spiral arrangement of florets, with floral rays or petals more or less quilled or with their margins involute (rolled forward or inward) and rounded tip (Dahlias of this type with flowers spotted, variegated or parti-colored, were formerly classed as Fancy, a group no longer recognized).

(B) Hybrid Show, Giant Show or Colossal Type. Flowers fully double, broadly hemisphical to flatly globular in form, loosely built so spiral arrangement of florets is not immediately evident; floral rays broad, heavy, cupped or quilled, with rounded tips and more or less involute margins. Verging toward the Decorative Class and sometimes found classed with the Decoratives.

(C) Pompon Type. Same shape and form as A and B, but flowers must be under 2 inches in diameter.

Cactus. Double flowers.

(A) True Fluted Type. Flowers fully double, floral rays or petals long, narrow, incurved or twisted, with sharp, divided or fluted points and with margins revolute (rolled backward or outward), forming in the outer florets a more or less perfect tube for more than half the length of the ray or petal.

(B) Hybrid Cactus Flowers fully double, floral rays (petals) short as compared with previous type; broad, flat, recurved or twisted, not sharply pointed except when tips are divided (staghorn), margins only slightly revolute, and tubes of outer florets less than half the length of the ray or petal. This type intergrades with the Decorative and Peony-flowered classes.

We are indebted to the Bulletin of the American Dahlia Society for some of the information printed above. If you want to keep up-to-date on Dahlias join the American Dahlia Society. Write us for particulars.

Schulz Special Spring Catalog

Each year, about the last part of June or early part of July, we get out a special catalog of bulbs for fall planting. While smaller than the regular "Kentucky Bred" Garden Book, still it is a beautiful little catalog full of money-saving hints and timely suggestions for planting. Don't fail to send for it during the summer. Get the latest low prices on spring flowers.



Cactus Dahlias



Fort Monmouth Dahlia.

196, FORT MONMOUTH. Color rich maroon shaded bluish violet at the tip of the petals. Produces blooms on long stems Roots, \$2.00 each; Green Plants, \$1.00 each

- 58. COUNTESS OF LONSDALE. (Hybrid). Deep salmon red. One of the best. Should be in every garden....Roots, 25c each
- 196. FORT MONMOUTH. Color rich maroon shaded bluish violet at the tip of the petals. Produces blooms on long stems ... Roots, \$2.00 each; Green Plants, \$1.00 each
- 131. JEAN CHAZOT (or Gay Paree). This is a wonder Dahlia in two respects. First, it is a profuse bloomer. Second, the color is superb. In it is the spirit of autumn, with its golden bronze, tinted nasturtium red. Graceful, with long stems. Roots, 50c each



Pansy G. White.

The 1930 Dahlia Roll of Honor of the American Home, including:

Kentucky
Dahlia Garden
No. 1
Order by Number

Mrs. Chas. Seybold	. \$0.2
Countess of Lonsdale	
Florence	50
Sunset Glow	2
A. D. Livoni	
Bronze Beauty	25
Value	.\$1.75

One of each for \$1.00

Cactus Dahlias—Continued

- 195. MARIPOSA.
- 239. MRS. WARNAAR (Holland Dahlia). A "Garden Cactus" of superior quality, and recommended as one of the finest cut flower varieties in existence. The coloring is a delightful creamy white, overlaid and biending to charming shade of pink..... .Roots, 50c each

- 227. MRS. FERDINAND JEFFRIES. A rich, velvety maroon of the Hybrid type. The petals are broad, curled and twisted. A very free bloomer, large and massive......Roots, 50c each
- 62. PANSY G. WHITE. (White's Dahlia Gardens). Semi-Cactus and of this variety it says, "This Kentucky Novelty is certainly not given an apt name for it is a clear yellow color, and we have seen a pure shade of gold. It is a most attractive garden variety, due to its free-flowering habits and upright growth; a worthy novelty".. Roots, \$5.00 each; Green Plants, \$2.50 each
- 112. RUTH VAN FLEET. Pretty, large yellow hybrid.Roots, 35c each
- Roots, 35c each

Pompon Dahlias

- 17. ARIEL. Buff tinted orange. Very desirable. Roots, 25c each
- BOBBY. Very finely formed flowers of an attractive shade of plum color. An extra good Pompon......Roots, 25c each 32. BOBBY
- 111. BRONZE BEAUTY. Color, golden apricot. golden apricot. Free bloomerRoots, 25c each
- 356. ELIZABETH.
- 90. FAIRY QUEEN. Sulphur yellow, edged pink. Roots, 25c each

- 329. JOE FETTE. Very good white. Nice straight stem. .Roots, 25c each
- 161. KLEIN DOMITEA. Bright golden terra cotta. Profuse

- 187. MADELINE. Pale primrose, edged with rose-purple. ...Roots, 25c each
- 362. PANSY. Coior violet or King Tut purple...Roots, 25c each
- 365. SUNSET. Color a beautiful orange......Roots, 25c each
- fectly formed Dahlia ..

"Kentucky Bibb Lettuce"

A Head Lettuce that can be grown practically the year 'round and always tender, crisp, and if once tried you will never be without it. Per packet, 15c; large packet, 25c

Schulz Special Dahlia Garden No. 2

Order by Number

Kalif	.50
Mme. Henri Cayeux	.50
Union Jack	.25
Darlene	.25
Dr. Tevis	
Freckles	
Value	.25

One each of \$1.50 the above for

Special Dahlia Garden No. 3

Order by Number

Kittie Dunlap				 							\$0.50
Jeanne Charmet				 							.35
Mr. Crowley											
Rosalie Styles											
Mrs. John Bowman											
Dr. Tevis											
			Ī							Ĺ	
Value											\$2.60

One each of the above for \$1.50

Finest Peony-Flowered Dahlias



Peony-Flowered Dahlia, Drum Major,

Order by Number

Yellow Colosse	
Casper Ware	
Tryphinnie Amun Ra	
Pride of San Francisco	
Jersey's Beauty	.50
Value	3.00

One each of \$2.25

Special Dahlia Garden No. 4 "Kentucky Bred" Economy Garden No. 5

Order by Number

·	
Edna Ferber\$2	
Margaret Woodrow Wilson 1	.00
Barbara Redfern 1	.00
Jane Cowl 1	.00
Sagamore	.50
Jersey's Beauty	.50
Value\$6	.00

Finest Peony-Flowered Dahlias

Show Dahlias

"KENTUCKY BIBB LETTUCE"

A Head Lettuce that can be grown practically the year round and always tender, crisp, and if once tried you will never be without it.

Per packet, 15c; large packet, 25c.

Maude Adams.

"Kentucky Bred" Dahlia Special Garden No. 6

Order by Number

ChampagneS	0.75
Dolly Varden	.50
Casper Ware	.50
Ayesha	
La Grande Jaune	.50
Princess Juliana	.35
ValueS	3.10

One each of \$2.25

Three Cactus, Three Decorative Dahlias. Startling Colors Order Special Garden No. 7

Order by Number

Tommy Atkins Wodan Ruth Van Fleet Jersey's Beauty Insulinde Rookwood	· ·	• •		 		 		 							 	 	 	.35 .35 .50 .75
Value	• •	•	•	 •	•	 •	•	 •	•	•	•	•	•	٠			_	\$3.45

One each of the above for \$2.50

Decorative Dahlias



- 10. AMUN RA. This Dahlia is in a class by itself. In form and color it is a tropical setting sun. Huge and grand bloomer, it has won four first prizes in four years at the California Dahlia Show. Colors include copper, orange, gold and amber, shading to deep bronze in center. Fine keeper..Roots, 50c each

- 408. CASPER WARE. Color, a pleasing shade of silvery violetrose and in late season it becomes a clear pink. .Roots, 50c each
- 44. CHAMPAGNE. One of the best of recent introductions. Flowers are immense, the color a beautiful shade of golden champagne and chamois. The stem is heavy and holds the massive flower upright . . . Roots, 75c each; Green Plants, 35c each
- 13. CHEMAR'S EUREKA. Color, white sometimes having a lavender cast in the center...... Roots, \$2.00 each

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS—Continued

- 50. ELITE GLORY. Color brilliant red, very large blooms, strong and vigorous......Roots, \$2.00 each; Green Plants, \$1.00 each
- 319. ELLINOR VANDERVEER. Color glowing, satiny rose-pink. Blooms are of great depth and are held well above the foliage. Stem exceptionally long and stiff. We have found this to be an unusually free bloomer which of course makes it very desirable. We have no hesitancy in recommending this variety...

 Roots, 50c each

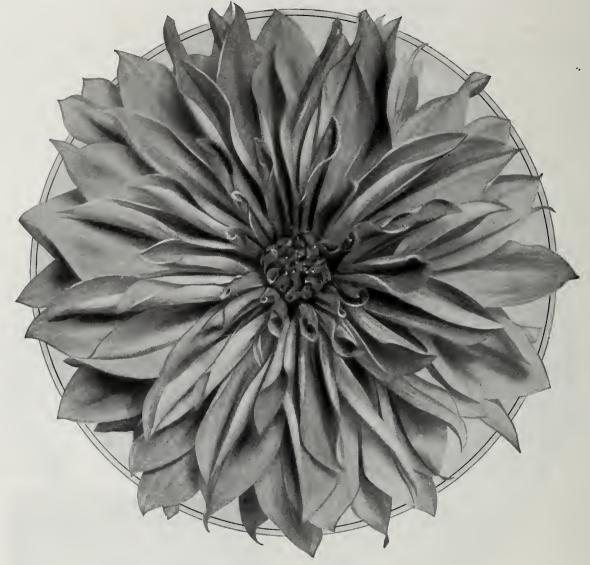
- 125. HORTULANUS FIET (Wonderful Holland Decorative Dahlia). The coloring of this variety is a beautiful shade of salmon exquisitely blending to yellow at center..Roots, 50c each

- 6. KATHLEEN NORRIS. Color, true rose-pink deepening later to mallow-pink. Broad petals that overlap each other with twisted tips. Blooms held erect on stiff stem. An outstanding exhibition variety. Roots, \$10.00 each; Green Plants, \$5.00 each
- 71. KENTUCKY CARDINAL. One of our own "Kentucky Bred" Dahlias originated by G. E. Schulz. A remarkable Dahlia. As charming and vivacious as the bird whose name it bears. Garden and Home Builder says of it: "At last someone has fittingly used the name made famous by James Lane Allen. It is fitting that a Kentucky originator has chosen this name for a good Dahlia. Kentucky Cardinal won the American Dahlia Society Certificate of Merit in 1926. It is a bright scarlet Decorative that holds its color under sunshine, and an excellent grower. This is the first time a Kentucky origination has got into the Honor Roll." We have a limited stock this year and are offering it in our catalog.. Roots, \$3.00; Green Plants, \$1.50

- 172. LE GRAND MANITOU. Pure white, artistically striped, splashed and blotched deep violet-purple. The plants occasionally bear a solid purple-colored flower....Roots, 35c each



Champagne.



KENTUCKY CARDINAL

One of our own "Kentucky Bred" Dahlias originated by Mr. G. E. Schulz. A remarkable Dahlia. As charming and vivacious as the bird whose name it bears.

Garden and Home Builder says of it:

"At last someone has fittingly used the name made famous by James Lane Allen. It is fitting that a Kentucky originator has chosen this name for a good Dahlia. Kentucky Cardinal won the American Dahlia Society Certificate of Merit in 1926. It is a bright scarlet Decorative that holds its color under sunshine, and an excellent grower. This is the first time a Kentucky origination has got into the Honor Roll." We have a limited stock this year and are offering it in our catalog.

Roots, \$3.00—Strong Green Plants, \$1.50

- 284. MARMION. Color, pure golden yellow with bronze suffusion on reverse of petals. Florets are long, wavy and curling. We have found Marmion a thrifty grower and satisfactory in every respect..... Roofs, \$1.00 each; Green Plants, 50e each
- 204. MINA BURGLE, Flowers of gigantic size and remarkable

- 220. MRS, CARL SALBACH. Color mauve-pink, shading to white. The immense flower is produced on long, stout stem. We do not hesitate to recommend this variety as it is one of ourRoots, 50c each
- 229. MRS. I. DE VER WARNER. A Marean Dahlia with few equals. Enormous mauve-pink blooms on stems too long for most purposes. Superior to Rosa Nell or Kittle Dunlap..... Roots, 50c each
- 230. MRS. J. GARDNER CASSATT. Rose-colored with grand stems and plenty of substance in flowers......Roots, 25c each



Jersey's Beauty

The only true pink Dahlia. Dahlia enthusiasts are particularly fond of Jersey's Beauty because of its remarkable color. Most pink Dahlias have a slight tinge of lavender in their petals. Jersey's Beauty is true pink, almost entirely free from the lavender tinge. The color is a lovely rose-pink. The blooms are large and of true decorative type. Well pointed and artistic in proportion. It has extra fine stems. Our extensive growing facilities and our exceptionally large stock make it possible for us to offer this Dahlia for

Roots 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen

- 241. MRS. WM. H. PEPIN. One of the best white Decoratives in existence. It is greatly superior in both size and form to the justly celebrated Mme. Marze, which has for several years been regarded as the best white in this class ...Roots, 50c each
- 255. OREGON BEAUTY. A seedling from William Agnew, resembling the parent in size, shape and color. Flowers are large and full to the center. Color, a glowing, fiery scarlet, making Oregon Beauty distinctive in every garden....Roots, 35c each

- 273. PRINCESS JULIANA (Holland Decorative Dahlia). It is perfect as an exhibition flower, ideal for garden decoration and unsurpassed for cutting. Holland Dahlia Specialists claim this the finest white Decorative Dahlia.................Roots, 35c each

- 278. QUEEN MARY. This is a stronger grower than Delice. A large flower with full, rounded center. The color is a soft shade of pink...Roots, 25c each
- 109. REGAL. Color, bronze and old gold shades, good stem, free-flowering Roots, \$2.00 each; Green Plants, \$1.00 each
- 57. ROBERT SCOTT. Color, bright apricot yellow with shades of rose. Flowers of good form and deep.....Roots, \$1.50 each; Green Plants, 75c each
- 291. ROTARIAN. A violet-maroon of large size and equal to Kiwanis in formation. Violet-maroon hardly describes it. Very rich and soft. Raise it and name the color yourself......Roots, 50c each
- 395. SAGAMORE, (Decorative). This Dahlia was first exhibited in 1921, winning the honor of being the best seedling at the American Dahlia show at New York; since that time it has a record of winning many prizes. Color rich amber-gold, shaded toward the center, and in the depth of the large and perfectly formed bloom with a warm salmon-rose or orange-buff, It affords us great pleasure to recommend this Dahlia very highly....Roots, 50c each



Sagamore.

- 20. SANHICAN'S BLUEBIRD. A blue decorative with outer petals bright violet-blue.. Roots, \$1.50 each; Green Plants, 75c each

- 366. THE SULTAN. (Decorative). Color, a bright true red. Blooms are large size and are held well above the bushes on long stiff stems.....Roots, \$1.00 each; Green Plants, 50c each

- 423. WINFIELD SLOCOMBE. Color, burnt orange shading to gold at the center. Free bloomer......... Roots, 50c each

"Kentucky Bred" Economy Collection No. 8

A Collection of Pompons

Bronze Beauty	0.25
Joe Fette	.25
Tom Thumb	
Little Jewel	.35
Pansy	
S. Van Glitter	.43
Value	\$1.60

One each of the above for \$1.25



Three Worlds Best Dahlias

For \$1.00

Jersey's Beauty Mrs. I de Ver Warner Sagamore A Permanent Record Zinc Labels Printed 5c each; 50c per dozen

> DAMLIA KY, GARDINAL

Dahlia Seed

A splendid stock of seed selected from the very best varieties. Grow your own Dahlias from "Kentucky Bred" Dahlia

50e for 25, 75e for 50, and \$1.00 for 100.



Roses have a hold on the hearts of American garden lovers that no other flower can replace. No matter what sort of garden you plan, always save a place for some beautiful "Kentucky Bred" Roses. They'll repay you amply for the care and attention you give them. June is Rose month. Make June more glorious with more Roses this year.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

- AMERICAN BEAUTY. Deep pink and crimson; flowers intensely fragrant. Most desirable for cutting.\$1.00 each; \$12.00 per doz.
- FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Because of the immense size of the blooms this is frequently called the "White American Beauty"; probably the best white garden Rose. \$1.00 each; \$12.00 per doz.
- J. B. CLARK. (H. Dickson, 1905). Deep scariet, shaded blackish maroon; large full bloom..........\$1.00 each; \$9.00 per doz.

- PAUL NEYRON. Deep rose, flowers of immense size. Many claim this to be the largest Rose grown ... 75c each; \$9.00 per doz.

Tea Roses

- MAMAN COCHET, WHITE. Clear white with pink markings on the outside of the bud; fuil double....75c each; \$9.00 per doz.

Hybrid Tea Roses

- E. G. HILL. Large, dazzling scarlet flowers................\$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.

- HELEN GOULD. (Lambert, 1898). Color, light watermelon red; very free grower; splendid bloomer....75c each; \$8.00 per doz.

HYBRID TEA ROSES-Continued

MRS. H. R. DARLINGTON. Color creamy yellow; almost perfect in form and a splendid yellow....75c each; \$8.00 per doz.

PREMIER. Too well known to need description. Deep rose; fragrant and thornless; free bloomer...75c each; \$8.00 per doz.

RADIANCE, (Cook, 1908), An Ideal bedding Rose of American origin that produces its large flowers throughout hot summer weather when many other varieties fail. Brilliant carminepink, with salmon-pink and yellow shadings at base of petals.

75c each; \$8.00 per doz.



Culture of Roses

The most important factor In successful rose culture Is the soil. Roses prefer heavy soil, although with proper care, they can be grown In ilght soils. The bed preparation is similar to the preparation for other plants, being worked to a depth of 18 inches. A well-prepared, heavy soil feeis crumbly when taken in the hand. This crumbly structure is easily maintained by frequent cultivation at times when the soil is not soaked with water. Well-rotted manure is the best fertilizer for roses, and should be worked into the soil before planting. Although much molsture is required for rose culture, they will not stand "wet feet" of standing water. Artificial drainage may be necessary.

Planting

When the roses arrive, unpack them Immediately. If they can not be planted at the time, they may be "heeled in." This consists of digging a trench, in which the plants are placed in a slanting position, close together, and soil packed around the roots to keep out the air. The roots will need olts of water, to be sure that none dry out. If you have ordered a goodly number of plants, it is advisable to heel them all in before planting, and then remove a few as needed. The important thing is to keep the roots damp or wet. A dried root will die.

Plant the roses about two lnches below the crown, or below the point where the first branches rise. Be sure the roots are well spread, and that the soil is well packed around them to keep out the air. Water each plant thoroughly. Hybrid Perpetuals may be planted $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart; Teas $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart, and Ramblers 5 to 6 feet.

Cultivation

During the growing season, keep the top soll well worked, and in dry weather, give enough water to reach the bottom roots. Roses are usually pruned in April, when the weak shoots are cut out, and the growth of the strong ones are cut back considerably. Always cut to an outside eye. It is better to prune Tea Roses the latter part of April. Leave 3 to 4 strong branches with 4 to 6 eyes on each branch.

TALISMAN. A seedling of Ophelia and Ciaudius Pernet color. Is certainly rich and distinctive....\$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.

WM. R. SMITH. (Smlth, 1908). Color, soft silvery white, shading into peach pink. Blooms are produced on good, strong stems. This is a very free bloomer...75c each; \$8.00 per doz.

Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

Prices of Climbing Roses......\$1.00 each

AVIATEUR BLERIOT. (Yellow Rambler). A strong-growing plant with beautiful, glossy, insect and disease-proof foliage, and bearing large clusters of medium-sized full double flowers of a saffron-yellow, deepening to an almost golden yellow at the center.

BESS LOVETT. (Van Fleet, 1905). This resembles Ciimbing American Beauty in shape of blooms and the large foliage is very attractive. Color clear, bright red; very fragrant and one of the hardlest climbers.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. A strong, healthy, vigorous grower, frequently making shoots from 10 to 12 feet long, and good-sized flowers for a Climbing Rose that blooms so freney. Color a pleasing rose-pink; of splendid form, good substance.



Paul's Scarlet Climber,

"Kentucky Bibb Lettuce"

A Head Lettuce that can be grown practically the year 'round and always tender, crisp, and if once tried you will never be without it Per pkt., 15c; large pkt., 25c

CLIMBING ROSES - Continued

CHRISTINE WRIGHT. (Hoopes Brother & Thomas Co., 1909). Color bright, clear wild rose pink, producing blooms 3½ to 4 inches in diameter. This strong climbing rose has large, thick, leathery foliage and is not subject to mildew.

DR. W. VAN FLEET. A Rose, which on account of its dainty color of exquisitely shaped buds and flowers, has become a great favorite. The long-pointed buds are a rich flesh pink, on stems 12 to 18 inches long. Splendid for cutting.

DOROTHY PERKINS. A very fine deep pink. The flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms and are very sweetly scented.

EUGENE JACQUET. Color bright cherry red, a strong upright grower, bearing large clusters of flowers.

GARDENIA. (Manda, 1899). Color deep, rich golden yellow, passing to creamy white. It is a very profuse bloomer. Flowers are large and splendid for cutting.

JACOTTE. Of very vigorous habit, produces sweet-scented flowers of light salmon-orange with golden yellow shadings at the base of the petals.

MARY LOVETT. (Van Fleet, 1915). This is a pure, matchless, white climber, producing large flowers. By many it is considered the best of the white climbers.

MARY WALLACE. Color, clear bright rose-pink, with salmon base to the petals.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. Considered one of the greatest climbing Roses grown. This is one of the newer climbers and without doubt the most important addition to the list of climbing roses. Color, vivid scarlet. Does not burn or bleach until the petals fall.

ROSERIE. (Witterstaetter, 1917). This variety is of the same habit of growth as Tausendschoen, same is true of its blooming qualities. Color is more even shade of cerise-pink or carmine. This is a very free bloomer and of vigorous growth.

TAUSENDSCHON. Not stiff or unnatural as a semi-double azalea. The color is a delicate shade of soft pink when first opening, changing to carmine on the reverse of petals when fully expanded.

SILVER MOON. Different from all other Roses; with beautiful semi-double flowers $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches and over in diameter. Pure white in color; petals of great substance,

6 Climbers—Your Choice \$4.50

Rosa Hugonis

This Rose is a spectacular show in itself. Every branch of the previous year's growth becomes lined on both sides to the very tip with closely set, wide open, single flowers, like dainty yellow hollyhocks and the branches bend over with the weight of the bloom.

A symmetrical bush about 6 feet in height and the same in diameter when matured. Even when through blooming, it is a beautiful shrub.

Each, \$1.00 6 for \$4.50 12 for \$9.00



Cannas

CITY OF PORTLAND. Color a glowing pink. Flowers borne in great profusion. Green foliage. 3½ feet 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

EUREKA. Very fine, white. Grows to a height of 4 ft..............20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

HUNGARIA. Flowers large in good-sized trusses, freely produced. The color is a beautiful rosepink. 3½ ft.......20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

KING MIDAS. Color glittering gamboge-yellow. This canna produces glorious trusses on straight stems. 5 ft...25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

MRS, ALFRED CONARD. One of the very best Cannas in commerce today. The large, exquisitely shaded salmon-pink flowers are produced in great abundance on robust, upright plants.

25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

MRS, PIERRE S. DUPONT. Claimed to be the finest of all the pink Cannas. Color vivid watermelon-pink, and each individual flower is very large. It is a pleasure to recommend this claim. 4 feet

SUSQUEHANNA. Color, old rose-pink, very attractive olive-green foliage. Early bloomer. 3 feet .20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

THE PRESIDENT. When the Canna, Firebird, was introduced, its immense florets and bright red color immediately insured its popularity. The President possesses all of the good qualities of Firebird, enhanced by extraordinary vigor and perfect, healthy foliage, It grows to a height of 5 fect and produces its immense trusses of giant florets in great profusion.



City of Portland Canna,

3 New Cannas You Must Have

Above Collection \$2.50



Canna
Special

2	President
	Yellow Humbert
2	Mrs. Conard
2	King Humbert
	Wyoming
2	Golden Wedding
	Value\$2.15

Above Collection for \$1.75

Water Lilies

MARDAGEA CAROLANDER STATE STAT

Hardy Perennials ~

Don't fail to include a liberal selection of hardy perennials with your order for your garden this year. We list all the old-time favorites that will never be out of style. These are flowers that your grandmother loved and grew in her garden in the days of hoop skirts and crinolines. Schulz Hardy Perennials are healthy plants that will quickly respond to the care you give them. Plant many varieties, they'll make gay your garden.

BOCCONIA cordata (Plume Poppy). A unique plant, well adapted for shrubbery, beds, or to plant where a bold group is wanted. White flowers in loose plumes........25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

Perennials Suitable for Rock Gardens

ALYSSUM saxatile. Blooms yellow.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Colors, yellow, blue and white.

ARABIS alpina. Pure white flowers produced in dense masses.

ASTERS, Dwarf Alpine. Color, bluish purple. Grows 6 to 10 inches tall.

DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart). An old-fashioned favorite.

DIANTHUS. Colors red, pink and white.

FUNKIA subcordata. Large pure white lily-shaped flowers.
Blooms in August and September.
FUNKIA variegata. Variegated foliage. A fine edging plant.

FUNKIA variegata. Variegated foliage. A fine edging plant. HELIANTHEMUM (Rock or Sun Rose). A low-growing evergreen plant, during blooming season is hidden by a mass of pink blooms.

BERIS (Hardy Candytuft). A dwarf plant covered with a sheet of white blooms.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not). This is the beautiful blue variety and a free bloomer,

PYRETHRUM. Blooms resembling daises; white and pink shades.

 ${\bf SEDUM}$ acre (Golden Moss). Dwarf, foliage green, flowers bright yellow.

SEDUM album. Thick waxy round foliage, white flowers, dwarf and spreading.

SEDUM glaucum. A splendid dwarf variety for rockeries and edging.

SEDUM pruniatum Forsterianum. Bluish green leaves of trailing habit, golden yellow flowers.

 ${\bf SEDUM\ sarmentosum.}$ Another good variety for rockerles or edging.

SEDUM ternatum. A beautiful dwarf variety for rockeries and edging.

STATICE latifolia. A fine plant for border or rockery. Blooms of purplish blue, very feathery.

STOKESIA (Stokes' Aster). Blue and white,

VIOLA, Jersey Gem. Color pure rich violet.

Any of the Above Plants, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen

Culture of Perennials

Like most other garden plants, the perennials do best in a rich, moist soil, where there is plenty of sunlight. A good seed bed preparation, with plenty of manure, and constant cultivation after the plants are up, all help with the success of the garden. Enough kinds should be planted to provide continuous blooming all through the season, at the same time avoiding striking color contrasts. A richer effect may be had by planting in groups of five or more of a kind, rather than singly.

The distance between plants will vary with the size and effect desired. The larger plants, of course, will have more room. Good planting seasons are in April and May or September and October.

Frequent cultivation and watering will help perennials. It is advisable to cover the bed with a few inches of straw in the winter, to guard against alternate freezing and thawing. This may be applied after the ground has frozen.



Improved Shasta Daisy,











Gypsophila.

Hardy Chrysanthemums

A. BARHAM. Beautiful orange-bronze. Early.

ALICE HOWELL. A beautiful shade of orange-yellow. Single. Early as well as free-flowering.

CHAMPAGNE, Bright ruby-red, Wonderfully colored,

EDEN. A bright rose. A beauty when disbudded.

NORMANDIE. One of the earliest and best cream whites.

YELLOW NORMANDIE. One of the best Yellows.

One plant each of above, all labeled, making 6 for \$1.00, or single plants, 25c each

Hardy Asters — Fall Flowers

CAPITAINE. Light lavender-blue, growing 4 to 41/2 feet in height. CLIMAX. Large lavender-blue flowers. 5 feet. LIEGE. Large soft rosy pink. 2 to 21/2 feet. MAID OF ATHENS. Color soft lavender-blue. 3 feet. ST. EGWIN. A very pretty soft rosy pink. 3 to 4 feet, WHITE CLIMAX. Large white flowers.

25c each; \$2.50 per dozen

CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley). Pure white, bell-shaped flowers on stems from 6 to 10 inches long......... Clumps, 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

DELPHINIUM Belladonna (Larkspur). Color azure-blue, with each bloom marked with a white eye; flower spikes will average 2½ feet high.

DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William). Various colors

EULALIA japonica variegata. Varlety of ornamental grass with foliage striped white and green.......Clumps, 30c to 50c each

aponica Zebrina. This variety has foliage marked with light green and pale yellow across the leaves rather than lengthwise.

Clumps, 30c to 50c each Japonica Zebrina.

FUNKIA subcordata grandiflora (Day Lily). White flowers in

Undulata variegata. The margins of the foliage are deep green, while the center is clear white. Flowers are pure white on long stems and desirable for cutting........25c and 50c each

GYPSOPHILA, Bristol Fairy. A perennial you must have 50c each; \$5.00 per doz.

HELIANTHUS mollis grandiflorus (Perennial Sunflower). Flowers golden yellow; plant about 5 feet hlgh...25c and 50c each

Maximiliani. Late blooming; flowers clear yellow, opening in late summer and continuing until November.

HELIOPSIS zinniaeflora.

HEMEROCALLIS flava (Lemon Lily). Sweet-scented lemon colored blooms in May.......25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

Fulva Kwanso fl. pl. Orange-yellow flowers, full double .. 35c each



Papaver Orientale-Oriental Poppy,

HESPERIS matronalis (Sweet Rocket). An old-fashioned plant growing about 2½ feet high; flowers white and lilac, and extremely fragrant 25c each; \$2.50 per doz. HIBISCUS (Mallow). Hiblscus is best adapted for planting in a damp place

............ 25c each; \$2.50 per doz. HOLLYHOCKS. Too well known to need description. Single and double in all colors 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

IBERIS sempervirens (Hardy Candytuft). Large heads. White flowers; blooms May

LATHYRUS (Hardy Sweet Pea). Pink and white. Blooms all summer50c each

LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Most desirable variety, orange-scarlet; 3 feet high 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

LYTHRUM roseum superbum (Rose Loosestrife), Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and thrives well in almost any position. Produces large spikes of rose colored flowers 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

MYOSOTIS palustris (Hardy Forget-Me-Not) 25c each; \$2.50 per doz. PAPAVER orientale (Oriental Poppy). Pink and red 35c each; \$4.00 per doz.



Phlox

One or the most attractive of our perennial plants. Its erect stems, topped by great clusters of small flowers, put it in a class by itself.

For border planting, there is nothing to equal the Phlox. Their brilliant blossoms are borne in great profusion and retain their superb colorings for some time, giving color and finish to a mass planting of shrubs and brightening up the dullest places.

Prices, except where otherwise noted: 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

AURORA BOREALE. Salmon-scarlet, deep crim-

EDWARD LOCKROY, Very large flowers. Velvety violet bordered slate.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL. Large trusses of flowers of quite a new color—light salmon, changing to pink in center. Extra.

FRAU ANTOINE BUCHNER. Undoubtedly the finest white Phlox yet introduced. Strong habit; flowers of enormous size and perfect form.

HANS VOLMULLER. A very pretty mottled variety, ground color white, delicately suffused and mottled with soft violetmauve.

JEANNE D'ARC (Syn, Pearl). White, Fine late variety.

DLES SANDEAU. Very large-flowering, pure pink. Dwarf. JULES SANDEAU.

LAMARTINE. Rich parma-violet, large white center; very fine.

MISS LINGARD. White, faint lilac eye. A grand free blooming variety.

MME, E. LOVE. Large, pure white blooms; foliage light green, mottled yellow. The best white Phlox on

MRS. JENKINS. market; splendid for massing. Comes into flower early in the season.

RHEINLANDER. Color beautiful sa flowers and trusses of extra large size. salmon-pink:

RIJNSTROOM, New. linmense trusses with blooms larger than a silver dollar. Beautiful clear pink. Extra fine.

R. P. STRUTHERS. (Tall). Salmon-pink with crimson center.

THOR. Color a lively shade of deep salmon-pink, suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow, aniline red eye. This is a very popular variety.



Delphinium, Belladonna,

Six Hardy Phlox

AURORA BOREALE RIJINSTROOM RHEINLANDER

EDWARD LOCKROY THOR MISS LINGARD

\$1.00

We Just Can't Offer a Better Collection Than Above



Columbines.

Rheinlander Phlox,

PHYSOSTEGIA virginiana (False Dragonhead). Showy rose-pink flowers in June and July; plants grow from 2 to 3 feet high and are desirable 25c and 50c each for border plants ...

PLATYCODON grandiflora (Chinese Bellflower). A very handsome, hardy perennial with beautiful bell-shaped flowers ... 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

PYRETHRUM roseum hybridum (Chrysanthemum coccineum). Flowers resembling daisies, and because of the long stems are valuable for cutting; colors white and rose-pink 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

RUDBECKIA (Golden Glow). One of the best known hardy flowers, blooming from July to September 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

A fine plant for border or rockery. Blooms of purplish blue; very feathery 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.



Ismene Calathina

(Peruvian Daffodil or Ismene Lily)

TRADESCANTIA virginiana (Spiderwort). Blooms all summer and is desirable

TRITOMA Pfitzeri (Red Hot Poker). The most cur-iously formed head of flowers in cultivation. flower heads. July to .35c each; \$3.50 per doz.

VERONICA spicata (Speed-well). Flowers in June and July. Magnificent .25c each; \$2.50 per doz,

VIOLA, Jersey Gem. Color

YUCCA filamentosa (Adam's Needle). One of the fin-est hardy ornamental fo-liage and flowering plants. ...Strong plants, 50c each



Regal Lilies.

Mexican Everblooming Single Tuberoses

AUGUST LILY. (See Funkia).

AURATUM (Golden-Banded Lily). This is one of the prettiest if not the prettiest, of all Lilies. Flowers creamy white, spotted brown 50c each; \$5.00 per doz.

LEMON LILY. (See Hemerocallis).

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY, (See Convallaria).

YELLOW DAY LILY. (See Hemerocallis).

awn Grass

In making a lawn, if the soil is naturally rich, all that is necessary is that it be well spaded, making it as fine and mellow as possible. Otherwise, a good dressing of well-rotted manure should be spaded in and mixed with the soil. The next requisite is good seed of the right varieties, sown at the rate of 60 to 100 pounds per acre. The more freely the seed is used the quicker a thick, velvet-like turf may be secured.

There is no question about the quality of grass seed which is offered our customers—it is of the very best grade to be secured.

BLUE GRASS......Lb., 40c; 10 lbs. or over, 35c per lb.

LAWN MIXTURE......Lb., 60c; 10 lbs. or over, 55c per lb.

SHADY-SPOT MIXTURE. Specially prepared for sowing under trees and in similar locations. Lb., 60c; 10 lbs. or over, 55c per lb.

FANCY WHITE CLOVER......Lb., 75c; 1/2 lb., 40c; 1/4 lb., 25c.

Flower Seeds

All Flower Seeds 10c per Pkt. We Handle Dreer's Reliable Flower Seeds

AGERATUM, Imperial Dwarf Blue (Floss Flower).

ALYSSUM, Little Gem (Madwort; Carpet of Snow), Sweet (A. Maritimum).

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). Giant Mixed, Giant Yeilow, Giant

AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Mixed.

ARCTOTIS grandis (African Dalsy).

ASTERS, Queen of the Market. Biue, Pink, White and Mixed.

BALSAM. Double Cameilia-flowered (Lady's Siipper).

CALENDULA. Lemon King, Orange King, Mixed.

CALLIOPSIS. Mixed.

CANARY-BIRD VINE (Tropaeolum canariense).

CANDYTUFT (Iberis umbellata). White, fragrant.

CELOSIA (Cockscomb). Mixed.

CENTAUREA cyanus (Cornflower), Single, Blue and Mixed.

CHINA ASTERS. Mixed.

CONVOLVULUS major or Climbing Morning Glories. Mixed.

COSMOS, Mammoth Perfection. Pink, White and Mixed.

COSMOS, Double. Pink and White.

CYPRESS VINE (Ipomeea quamoclit).

DAHLIA SEED. Mixed.

DELPHINIUM, Belladonna.

DELPHINIUM, Gold Medal Hybrids.

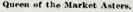
DIANTHUS chinensis fl. pl. (Pinks). Double,

DIANTHUS OR PINKS. Mixed.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove). Mixed.

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean). Daylight and Darkness.







Petunias.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy; Gold Cups). Double mixed. GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Mixed.

GOURDS, Ornamental. Mixed.

GYPSOPHILA elegans alba grandiflora (Baby's Breath).

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). New miniature, Mixed.

HELICHRYSUM (Strawflower). Mixed.

HIBISCUS (Marshmallow). Mixed.

HOLLYHOCK. Large double mixed.

IPOMOEA grandiflora (Moouflower).

KOCHIA trichophylla (Standing Cypress; Belvedere).

LARKSPUR, Annual. Pink and lavender.

LOBELIA. Mixed.



Giant Snapdragon.



Dwarf Nasturtiums.



Salpiglossis.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

LUPINS. Mixed.

MARIGOLD, Double African, Orange Prince; French, Gold Striped and Legion of Honor.

MARVEL OF PERU (Mirabilis Jalapa; Four O'clock).

MIGNONETTE (Reseda).

NASTURTIUM. Dwarf or Bedding varieties, mixed. Tall or Climbing varieties, mixed.



Cosmos, Mammoth Perfection,



Phlox Drummondi,

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist). Produces cornflower blue blossoms, and is fine for cutting.

PANSIES. Dreer's Royal Exhibition.

PETUNIAS. Dreer's Superb Double Fringed. Single Fringed. Rosy Morn, soft rosy pink. Violet Queen, veivety purple-violet.

PHLOX, Drummondi. Dreer's Superb Single Fringed.

PORTULACA (Sunplant). Single Large Flowered, mixed.

PYRETHRUM. Single mixed.

RICINUS zanzibariensis (Castor Oil Bean).

SALPIGLOSSIS. Mixed. Considered one of the very finest annuals, and splendld for cutting.

SALVIA splendens (Scarlet Sage).

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). Rose, Lavender, Pink, White and Mixed.

SHASTA DAISY. Large flowering.

STOCK, Improved Large-Flowering Ten Weeks (Gilliflower).

SWEET WILLIAM. Mixed.

VERBENA, Dreer's Mammoth. Finest mixed.

ZINNIAS. Dreer's Giant Improved. White, Yeilow, Orange, Light Pink, Salmon-Pink, Rose, Red, Lavender and Mixed.

ZINNIAS. Large-Flowering Double Dwarf, Mixed.

All Flower Seed 10c per packet; 12 packets, \$1.00.

Orchid-Flowered Sweet Peas

The best of the old-fashioned or Grandiflora varieties are now quite overshadowed by this wonderful type, which is quite distinct, have large, round, open flowers of extra standards and widespreading wings and a stem which is long and strong, making them of exceptional value for cutting. All the sorts offered below have been thoroughly tested and are just as easy to grow as the Grandiflora varieties.

Price Per pkt., 10c; per oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25.

AUSTIN FREDERICK. A beautiful soft lavender.

COMMANDER GODSALL. A rich deep violet-blue.

CONSTANCE HINTON. The most important introduction in years; of strong, vigorous growth, with enormous, wavy white flowers, frequently 2½ inches across, which are borne in sprays of fours, and often fives, on long, strong stems.

CRIMSON KING. Rich deep crimson.

DEFIANCE. Sun-proof orange scarlet. Strong grower.

HAWLMARK PINK. Color rose-pink, suffused with salmon.

MATCHLESS. Color, creamy yellow, blooms nicely friid.

ROSE CHARM. A large flowering wavy bright rose.

ROYAL PURPLE. Rich royal purple. One of the finest and most distinct varleties.

SNOWBALL. Large pure white flowers.

SUNSET. Rich rose, base of petals suffused with glowing golden yellow.

VALENTINE. A large soft blush pink, strong grower.



Annual Larkspur.



Dreer's Giant Improved Zinnias.



Orchid-Flowered

Tris ~

For delicacy and exquisite combinations of color there is no flower that excels the Iris. Connoisseurs and garden enthusiasts find a wealth of pleasure and interest in the hundreds of shapes and colors of Irises. Many have referred to it as the poor man's orchid. The varieties we offer are some of the most popular and highly treasured of the known kinds.

Hundreds of our customers have written us telling of the wonderful results they get from "Kentucky Bred" rhizomes. There is something in the exceptional climate and soil of our Louisville location that makes for hardier and more beautiful plants. Try for yourself, you'll find that Irises from Schulz have an added touch of beauty lacking in many others. Learn to know the better varieties of these aristocrats of spring flowers. Study their description before ordering. Get the color and kind that will most suit your taste and needs. Plant them in borders, or clumps, they will thrive under many adverse conditions. Note the descriptions given hereafter.

Abbreviations: S, standards; F, falls.



ALCAZAR (Squalens). 36 in. S. hlue-vlolet; F. ruby, slightly velned. Multiplies rapidly 25c each

AMAS. Tall, bearded. A handsome giant-flowered form from Asia Minor. S. rich blue; F. vlolet. 2 feet35c each

ANNA FARR (Farr). S. white, lightly bordered blue; F. pure white, pale blue markings at the base \$1.00 each

AMBASSADEUR, S. bronzy vlolet; F. velvety carmine-purple. This is a fine grower and produces flowers of good substance.

ARCHEVEQUE. New. S. deep purple-violet; F. deep velvety violet; an unusual color, rarely found in Iris. Stock scarce.

AURORA, S. and F. pale lavender-plnk, orange beard

Culture of Iris

The sunny, well drained locations are best for Irlses. The soil, of course, should be rich. Manuring, or other fertilizers such as bone meal or finely ground ilmestone may be worked into the soil, but kept away from the rhizomes. The plants will not live in standing water, or a wet soil.

Planting

After the bed has been well prepared, plant the rhizomes just below the surface, spreading out the roots, and packing the dirt well around them. Irises are always planted shallow, and are injured by manures and fertilizers that are too strong. Although the best time to plant is August and September, giving the roots time to develop before winter, they may be planted any time of year, except when in bloom, or when the ground is frozen.

Cultivation

Irises are very hardy, and easy to cultivate. They will, however, respond to occasional cultivation and fertilization. Since Irises naturally multiply into large clumps from season to season, making it hard to keep out the grass and root rot, it is advisable to dig them up every four or five years, separate, remove the weeds, and reset. The best time to do this is after the blooming season.

TALL BEARDED IRIS—Continued

BRANDYWINE. (Farr, 1920). 30 in. S. and F. are a pale, silvery blue, with a distinct bright golden beard.....75c each

CAPRICE. (Pallida). 30 in. S. and F. delicate purple, blending

CECIL MINTURN. (Farr, 1922). S. and F. a uniform shade of

Clear azure-blue, with suggestion of clean white throughout.....25c each

CHESTER HUNT. (Pallida). S. celestial-blue; F. dark marineblue, bordered pale blue, shaded at base; stigmas light

LEMATIS. S. deep lavender; F. deep lavender-purple, with white reticulations at the base. Yellow beard......50c each

COLONEL CANDELOT. (Millet). S. bronze overlaid with red-lavender; F. a rich, velvety crimson-purple, reticulated white at base, beautiful yellow beard...............................50c each

DOMINION. S. light blulsh violet; F. of exceptional substance, expanding at base to deep, rich, indigo-purple velvet, with distinct orange beard......\$2.50 each

DOROTHEA. This is an intermediate, large-flowered, pale blue.

(Bliss). Very similar to Pallida Dalmatica, pale cambric-blue

DREAM. (Sturtevant). S. lilac-pink; F. slightly darker, with some bronze reticulation at haft. This variety has an orange beard; considered one of the best plnk Iris............50c each

EDOUARD MICHEL. (Pallida). 32 in. S. and F. unusual shade of rich, reddish purple. Stock limited. 50e each

E. L. CRANDALL. (Plicatum). S. pure white; F. white, heavily bordered, deep blue at base. 50e each

ELDORADO. (Squalens). 32 in. S. flery opalescent; F. old gold and silhouetted with burnt purple. A distinct harmony of subdued hues and perfect blending. 35c each



Lent A. Williamson.

Nibelungen.



AIRY. (Plicata). 36 in. S. and F. resemble sun-kissed snow, outlined by the faint azure of the sky. The crests of the stigmas are a delicate lake blue. The tallest white...25c each

FLORENTINA. (Syn. Sliver King). Creamy white, faintly flushed lavender. Fragrant. 2 ft.25c each

GEORGIA. S. and F. uniform shade of Cattleya-rose. Bright orange beard......50c each GERMANICA. A very fine early variety. F. dark blue,

ERTRUDE, (Pallida). 34 in. S. and F. are violet-blue. Unexcelled for home decorations. (Peterson varlety)....25e each

GNOME. (Bliss). S. lilac with a touch of pink.......25c each

HER MAJESTY. (Pallida). 30 in. S. pinklsh violet tourmallne; F. deeper shade, heavily veined. A sturdy sort......25c each

(Pallida). S. petunia vlolet: F. deep purple, with wlde-

INGEBORG. Pure white, very large flowers of handsome form.

IROQUOIS. (Sq.). S. smoky lavender, dotted brown; F. black-maroon, reticulated white at base. Tall and striking. 35c each

TALL BEARDED IRIS—Continued

- OLINE. (Squalens). 36 ln. The Imperial Mandarin. S. opalescent-lllac. 3 Inches long, surmounting an apron of 3%-inch mauve falls; beautiful, artistic and unique combination.25c each ACQUESIANA. 30 in. S. bright coppery crimson; F. rich maroon; distinct and beautiful. Scarce................50c each JACQUESIANA
- JUNIATA. (Pallida). S. and F. clear blue, deeper than Dalmatica; large, fragrant flowers. Tallest of bearded Irises, with unusually long, drooping foliage...................................35c each
- KASHMIR WHITE. A very good white..................50c each KING. (Squalens). 24 in. S. lemon-yellow; F. maroon,
- KOCHI. Tall bearded. S. and F. rich claret-purple; very hand-
- LA NEIGE. Considered one of the best white varieties, 24 inches.
- LORD OF JUNE. S. lavender-blue; F. deep anlline blue.
- (Variegata). 30 ln. S. breast of wild canary; F. creamy white, with purple reticulations blending into a velvety purple mass near the ends, which are margined with deep
- MADAME BLANCHE PION. (Squalens). CHE PION. (Squalens). S. soft bronzy yellow; right angles, lavender-blue with silver shaded F, standing at right angles, lavender-blue with margin; very fine..... ...25c each
- MADAME JANIAUD. AME JANIAUD. (Cayeux). S. lavender, suffused light tan; bright vlolet, margined lilac, old gold at base, with a little white showing.....
- AGNIFICA. (Velma, 1920). 36 in. S. light violet-blue; F. dark reddish violet. Produces large blooms on tall stems...75c each MAGNIFICA.
- MAMIE. S. and F. white frilled violet-blue......50c each
- (Farr), S. and F. very distinct shade of metallic
- MDLLE. SCHWARTZ. (Denis). Soft light lavender-blue or mauve. This variety is a shade lighter than Mother of Pearl. ----- 75c each
- MISS E. EARDLEY, (Variegata), 24 in. S. clear golden yellow; F. rich madder red, with yellow edge...........25c each
- MISS WILLMOTT. White, slightly tinted lavender, petals of stout, leathery texture.....
- MITHRAS. S. light yellow; F. wine red, with narrow border of deep yellow......25c each
- (Plicata). 28 in. all over; F. creamy white; center bordered with lavender-plnk
- MME, CHERI,
- ME. DURRAND. (Denls, 1912). 60 ln. S. dome-shaped, irldescent, cinnamon-buff flecked lilac; F. flushed with lilac on a ground of old gold shading to amber at the throat, with reticulations of cinnamon to liver brown............\$2.00 each
- MME. DE SEVIGNE. (Denls). 30 in. S. and F. white, veined violet-purple..... 50c each
- ONSIGNOR. (Neglecta). 28 ln. S. vlolet-gray; F. clerical velvety purple-crimson, whose dark veining adds dignity to the
- MORNING SPLENDOR. (Shull, 1922), 48 in. S. petunia-violet; F. rich raisln-purple, Produces large flowers and in the bright sunlight it produces an almost red effect..........\$2.50 each
- MOTHER OF PEARL. (Stur., 1921). S, and F, very broad, pale lavender with a faint creamy undertone, Flowers are very large and perfect form, stems 40 ln. The variety is of vigorous growth and flowers very freely..................50e each
- (Amoena). 28 ln. S. and F. satiny
- MRS. NEUBRONNER. (Variegata). 28 ln. S. and F. rich, clear golden yellow, like giant daffodlis. Deeper yellow than Aurea. 25c each
- MRS. W. E. FRYER. S. pale lavender; F. red-purple with lighter

- ONTEZUMA. (Varlegata). S. deep golden, minutely dotted brown; F. yellow and white, velned purple and dotted brown. 25c each MONTEZUMA.
- (Variegata). S. light bronzy yellow, shading to lav-
- NIBELUNGEN. (Variegata). S. fawn-yellow; F. violet-purple with fawn margin....
- NOKOMIS. (Amoena). S. pale lavender-white; F. velvety dark violet blue, bordered white; medlum-slzed flowers. Tall growing; free bloomer
- PERA. (Vilm., 1916). 30 in. S. bright, rich pans; shading to brownish vlolet at base; F. a rlch, velvety rich pansy violet, lch, velvety vloletpurple...... 50c each
- ORIENTAL. (Pallida). S. clear blue; F. rich royal blue with a heavy, bright orange beard, forming a striking contrast.... 35c each
- ORIFLAMME. S. dark lavender; F. rich violet-purple. This variety produces handsome blooms, and is a favorite...50c each
- PARC DE NEUILLY. (Pallida). 28 in. S. and F. a navy blue of reddlsh tinge, with an ever-changing effect 35c each
- ARISIANA. (Pilcata), 28 in. S. lavender-pink, mottled a over; F. creamy white, center heavily bordered with lavender mottled all .35c each

- PERFECTION.
- PHYLLIS BLISS. S. and F. pale rosy lavender, very beautiful in form, and a strong grower.....
- POCAHONTAS.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE. Self. Between light and lavender-violet. 50c each
- PROSPER LAUGIER.

- QUEEN CATERINA. (Stur., 1918). S. and F. very broad, pale lavender-violet; flowers of large size and heavy substance....
- RED CLOUD. (Squalens). S. rosy lavender-bronze; F. velvety maroon-crimson, retlculated yellow; stlgmas of gold...35c each REV. A. H. WURTLE. Bronze-purple......35c each
- RHEIN NIXE, (Amoena), 36 in. S. pure white; F. raspberry purple, edged white. A vigorous grower and the only one of the white standards and purple falls worthy of a place in our

Rainbow Iris Special

Order Special Garden No. 20

Aurea	 	 																		. .	40
White Knight	 	 																١.			50
Princess Beatrice	 	 	٠.		٠.		٠.														50
Seminole	 	 											 								50
Loreley	 	 											 								25
Kochi	 	 																			35
Isoline	 	 																			25
Madame Chereau	 	 																			25
Georgia	 	 																			50
Chester Hunt	 	 																			25
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Value	 	 																		.\$3.	60
10 good Iris																			2	2.50	
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TALL BEARDED IRIS—Continued

TALL BEARDED I	Г
ROSE UNIQUE. S. and F. bright violet-rose, the nearest approach to a pink Iris. Early	F
ROSEWAY. (Bliss, 1919, Pallida). Bright red with orange beard	LI
SAPPHO. S. white frilled lilac, F. pure white, reticulated lilac at the base. 24 ln	L
SAUL. (Denis). S. golden yellow; F. maroon, with darker veining at the haft50c each	NI
	0
suffused blue-violet in the center of the segments, and prettily	01 P8
SUSAN RLISS (Rliss) This is a uniform shade of deep rose-	PI
SEMINOLE. S. soft violet-rose; F. rich, velvety crimson; brilliant orange beard. Given honorable mention by American Iris Society, June, 1930	SI
SHEKINAH. S. and F. pale lemon yellow, deepening through center, orange-yellow beard	
SHREWSBURY. (Squalens). S. rosy bronze; F. violet-purple, with lighter shadings. The conspicuous, heavy orange beard forms a brilliant contrast with the other colors. A unique variety	01
THE BRIDE. S. and F. white, primrese beard; very large and handsome	0:
blue-purple. One of the largest of the Dominion race. \$2.00 each	01
very long, rich purple-blue falls. Late flowering. Resembles	O1
TROOST. S. deep rosy purple; F. paler veined violet. A decided improvement over "Her Majesty"50c each	SI
TROPIC SEAS. (Shull, 1924). 50 ln. S. Dauphin's violet; F. velvety mulberry purple and rich golden beard. Produces large flowers	
VICTORINE. 27 in. S. mottled blue; F. violet-blue, mottled white; beautiful variety25c each	B
VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA. (Pallida). 32 in. S. and F. fresh, clear violet. Massive and blooms late. Desirable, but not sufficiently appreciated	F
WALHALLA, Lavender. F. wine-red	G:
WHITE KNIGHT. (Saunders, 1915). A beautiful snow-white Iris without markings of any kind. Delicately sweet-scented. 50c each	K
WINDHAM. (Farr). 20 ln. S. soft lavender-pink; F. heavily veined with darker shades	N.
soft rose; F. deep rose base, shading to flesh-colored border.	S1 50 L
ZUA. S. and F. pale lavender-white flowers, heavily crimped like fine crepe. Blooms are very beautiful, large and fragrant	
Dwarf Bearded and Beardless Iris BALCENG, BLUEBEARD, S. white, flaked pale blue; F. sul-	

BALCENG, BLUEBEARD, S. white, flaked pale blue; F. sulphur, handsomely marked purple. They fill a gap between the very earliest dwarf bearded varieties and the tall, later

BUTTERFLY. (Dwarf Bearded). Pale yellow, spotted brown; desirable. Dwarf.......25c each

HELLES. (Germanica). S. bright golden yellow. F. bright red-purple. Beautifully reticulated 30c each

Special Blue and Yellow Iris Garden Order Special Garden No. 21

Chelles

 Afterglow
 2.5

 Nibelungen
 2.5

 Celeste
 2.5

 Oriental
 3.5

 Parc de Neuilly
 35

Single Collection. \$1.00 Two each of above \$1.50

TEBERI. (Dwarf Bearded). Deep violet-blue. Large and hand-

ONGIPETALA. (Beardless). True. S. violet-blue; F. white, with lilac veining, gold and bronze spots. Very free blooming.

UDICAULIS. (Dwarf Bearded). S. violet; F. purple-black.

CHROLEUCA. (Syn. Orientalis Gigantica). The gold-banded Irls. Grows 5 feet with strong foliage; large ivory-white flowers, orange-yellow, blotched at base of falls..........................25c each

Siberian Iris

RIENTALIS. (Sibirica). 30 in. S. and F. intense deep blue, with narrow foliage. Suitable for naturalizing......25c each

RIENTALIS, BLUE KING. Clear blue flowers. Found by Mr. Peter Barr in Japan......25c each

RIENTALIS, SNOW QUEEN. Large ivory white flowers; hand-

RIENTALIS, SUPERBA, Large violet-blue flowers; handsome

IBIRICA, DISTINCTION. S. violet; F. white, freely veined and

Japanese Iris

ANDAI-SAN. White and purplish blue falls flecked with white, veined darker, lavender-yellow blotch.

UKUSHIMA. Falls pinkish lavender or old rose with yellow blotch in throat edged with white and white extending into

EKKO-NO-NAMI. Six large creamy white drooping petals.

OKO-NO-IRO. Six large royal purple petals, with yellow center radiating into lines. A most brilliant Iris.

ASIR KHEL. Lavender or light purple falls flecked with white, veined darker lavender, yellow blotch.

ENJO-NO-HARI. Six petals heavily blotched crimson.

Oc each or 1 strong division of each of six above varieties for \$2.50 AEVIGATA ALBA PURPUREA. (New Iris from Japan). Color ris a very pleasing combination of blue and white. Six petals: Flowers flat like the Japan Iris; four to five inches across; borne on stems 20 to 25 inches high. Season blooming between the German and Japan types. Stock scarce, so early ordering advised.........\$1.00 each

Iris Seed

 Raise your own seedlings.
 Plant them in fall or spring.

 50 seeds for
 \$0.75

 100 seeds for
 1.00

Kentucky Bred Iris Special Order Special Garden No. 22

 Dream
 \$0.50

 Lent A. Williamson
 50

 La Neige
 50

 Susan Bliss
 1.50

 Mme. Cheri
 50

 Caprice
 .25

 Value
 \$3.

 Single Collection
 \$2.50

 Two each of above
 \$4.00

Twelve Choice Iris

ONLY \$1.00

Worth at retail not less than \$3.00. Our own careful selection.

Meritorious House Plants



Holly Fern

fern of holly-like foliage. A very satisfactory
se plant 3-inch pot, 25c; 4-inch pot, 50c house plant . .



Geranium



Philodendron Cordatum

If you don't know this vine we assure you that you will be more than pleased with it for the home to grow in fancy pottery, stands, etc. Nice strong plants, 35c; 50c; 75c; \$1.00, \$1.50 each



Sansevieria - Snake Plant

Rex Begonias

The splendid markings of the Rex Begonia makes it a very popular plant Should not be exposed to full sun 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 each



Sedum Crassula Arborescens

A tree-shaped variety suitable for fancy pottery or small indoor rock gardens.....21/4-inch, 25c; 3-inch, 35c, 50c; 4-inch, \$1.00

In addition to above listings we grow many other plants, such as: Palms, Dracaenas, Pandanus, Begonias of different types, Ficus or Rubber Plants, Fuchsias, Petunias, Hibiscus, Moon Vines, Night Blooming Jasmine, Lantanas, Verbenas, etc.

Rex Begonia.

Gladioli

There's nothing that goes farther toward making a home out of a house than flowers both in the garden and about the rooms. There is no flower that will go farther in beautifying the garden than the gladiolus. Their sharp vivid coloring together with variety of form and color have made them one of the most popular flowers of today. They are easy to grow, require a minimum of attention and thrive well in most any kind of soil. The ideal way to plant them is to start in late April and plant a number each week or ten days until mid-June. They will bloom in your garden from July until frost. As cut flowers they are far superior to any summer bloomer for lasting qualities. Glads hold another advantage that means a great deal to the average garden enthusiast; they are so reasonable in price that a comprehensive display may be had for an extremely modest investment. Plant them in beds or in borders, they'll start blooming after Peonies and Irises are gone. The "Kentucky Bred" varieties offered here are the pick of hundreds of varieties now on the market.

ANNA EBERIUS. Color dark, velvety purple; throat deeper shade. Very large flowers on tall, fine spikes. Greatly in demand. Early ordering advised......10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

CHICAGO WHITE. Pure white, lightly marked with lavender; fine for cutting............7c each; 75c per doz.; \$5.00 per 100

EARLY SUNRISE. Large flowering beautiful salmon-red, a real favorite......20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

E. J. SHAYLOR. A very pretty rose-pink, ruffled, produces very large blooms, early variety15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

EVELYN KIRTLAND. Color beautiful shade of light rose, darker at edges, fading to shell-plnk at the center, with brilliant scarlet blotches on lower petals. Tall spike .15c each; \$1.50 per doz.

Gladiolus Culture

A good, rich loam soil is best for "Glads." A little effort in fertilizing will be amply repaid in the abundance of blossoms. For heavy soils, plant the bulbs four inches deep, and for lighter soil, five to six inches deep. A good way is to dig a row or bed to the desired depth, thoroughly pulverizing the soil in the bottom, and working in well-rotted manure, or a liberal amount of good fertilizer. Hen manure will give good results, but is rather strong and should be covered with an inch of fine soil. Plant the bulbs and cover to the desired depth.

Cultivation

As soon as the shoots poke their heads through the ground, cultivation may begin. Cultivation at least once a week until flowering time will aid materially in the size and number of blossoms. Watering also helps, especially during dry spells.

In the fall, after the stems have turned brown, the bulbs may be dug and stored in a cool cellar for the winter. Frost or drying heat will kill the bulbs. After they have been stored six weeks, the tops may be cut off.

Special "Kentucky Bred" Gladiolus Gardens



Glad Garden No. 17

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Chicago Wh	uite																					
Halley																						
Schwaben .																						
Wilbrinck																						
E. J. Shavl	Or																					
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Elizabeth T Mrs. Leon I Alice Tiplac Shiela L'Immacule Golden Mea Value Value Double Colle	abor . Dougla ly e sure .	15																 	 		\$.\$3.



GIANT NYMPII. La France pink, creamy yellow throat, tall and a very pretty variety...15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100 GOLDEN MEASURE. A rich golden yellow with no markings. Produces a very large type bloom.....15c each; \$1.50 per doz. LE MARECHAL FOCH. Rose-pink, resembling America in color, but deeper. Before long will be the most popular Gladiolus. Blooms are twice as large as America..... L'IMMACULEE. A favorite pure white for cutting; splendid spikes and early......15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100 MRS. DR. NORTON, Color is a delicate cream-pink with primrose MRS. FRANK PENDLETON. IAGARA. A charming variety; delicate creamy yellow, lightly marked and splashed with rosy carmine in the throat; beautiful as a cut flower 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.50 per 100

SCHWABEN. A meritorious variety of wonderful vigor. Strong, erect spikes and large, well-expanded flowers of a clear canary yellow, with a small blotch of deep garnet in the throat....

10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100



Glads Make Charming Bouquets

Mixed Primulinus Gladioli, An assortment of all colors, 50c per doz.; \$3.00 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000. A rare bargain,

Hardy Vines and Climbers

Vines bring up memories of shaded porches and moonlight; there's a touch of romance connected with them in the minds of most of us. Poets and songwriters have sought inspiration from honeysuckle, clematis and ivy. Certainly no more softening influence can be given to a house than vines planted wisely, "Kentucky Bred" vines are hardy and easy to grow. They are reasonable in price, too. We'll be glad to advise with you about the quantity or kinds that you need for your purpose.

CELASTRUS scandens (American Bittersweet). The scarlet frult pods are very handsome and showy. Good for covering banks and slopes when creating natural effects Strong plants, 75c each

CLEMATIS paniculata. White, sweet scented Clematis. A very popular summer flowering vine. Blossoms are borne in profusion in July and August, followed by feathery seed Strong plants, 50c and 75c each

Radicans variegatus (Variegated-Leaved Euonymus). Unusually pretty foliage, variegated white and green .. Strong plants, 50c and 75c each

POLYGONUM Auberti (Silver Lace Vine). It is perfectly hardy, of strong, vigorous growth, attaining a height of twenty-five or more feet, producing during the summer and fall, great, foamy sprays of white flowers, and a well established plant, during its long period of flowering, is a great mass of bloom Strong plants, \$1.00 each



Polygonum Auberti.



HYDRANGEA Petiolaris. The return of an old climber.
Strong plants, \$1.50 each

Hardy Begonia

This beautiful little plant thrives splendidly in a partly shaded place. It does not require a great deal of sun, but should have good daylight. We can send these plants out May 1st at

25c each; \$1.25 for 6; or \$2.50 per dozen Begonia Bulblets, 50c dozen



Hardy Begonia.

Flowering Shrubs

There are any number of places around your place where flowering shrubs would fit in and not only make it more beautiful. but increase the value materially. These Schulz shrubs we offer are not only desirable for summer, but many of them will provide color and life to your home throughout the winter. Shrubs planted as foundation plantings add grace and charm to the exterior of your house. A hedge gives privacy and protection with beauty as well. Fence corners become beauty spots with proper planting. Read over the varieties; it's surprising how much you can accomplish with a small budget.

Write us, giving a rough sketch of your home surroundings, and we will be glad to recommend the shrubs you need.

ARONIA arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry). The flowers are white, borne freely at the end of the branches and are followed by bright red berries. The shrub grows from 3 to 5 feet high 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00



Deutzia Gracills.



Symphoricarpos-Snowberry,

CYDONIA japonica (Japan Quince). This is completely covered with red flowers in spring, which are quite fragrant; the fruits are yellowish green and have a peculiar aromatic fragrance ... 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c

Scabra crenata. White or blush colored flowers; reddish brown branches. Grows from 5 to 7 feet high 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c



Viburnum-Snowball.

- EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Burning Bush). Foliage bright green in summer but changes to intense shades of red and crimson in autumn, making it especially conspicuous as a specimen plant.

 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50

- Suspensa Fortune' (Fortune's Golden Bell). Branches arching, covered clear to the tips with golden yellow flowers. Generally grows 10 feet high...3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00

- Morrowi (Japanese Bush Honeysuckle). Pure white flowers which change to yellow are borne in early spring and midsummer and are followed by bright red fruits 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c

"Bubbling Over" Iris Garden

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"Bubbling Over"																									 			\$0.75
Susan Bliss																												1.50
Morning Splendor																				٠.								2.50
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Two each of above\$11.00

- Grandiflorus (Large-Flowering Mock Orange). A tall shrub often 10 feet high, with slender, spreading branches. Flowers pure white, extremely fragrant. Fully as large as those of any of the other varieties..3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00
- PRUNUS cerasifera Pissardi (Purple-Leaved Plum). A small tree with purple foliage which holds its color throughout the summer. Blush pink flowers are borne freely in early spring........... 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 lt., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00
- RHUS aromatica (Sweet-Scented Sumac). Branching shrub seldom more than 4 feet tall. The flowers are yellow and followed by bright red fruits......3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 750
- Cotinus (Smoke Tree). An old-fashioned shrub or small tree, tall and spreading, with immense quantities of feathery purplish colored flowers in July......2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 750
- SAMBUCUS canadensis (American Elder). Grows naturally throughout eastern United States. Flowers white, in flat-topped clusters, followed by black fruits in August and September. Shrub may grow 10 feet tall...4 to 5 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00



Philadelphus Virginal

A splendid new Mock Orange growing 6 to 8 ft. tall.

Produces large double crested white flowers

2 to 3	ft.	 								.\$.75	each
3 to 4	ft.	 									1.00	each



The New Red-Leaf Barberry.

New Red-Leaved Japanese Barberry

A worth while outstanding novelty in hardy shrubs. Foliage a rich, lustrous, bronzy red. Color more brilliant throughout the summer, changing to orange, scarlet and a livelier red in the fall. Bril-liant scarlet berries throughout the entire winter.

1½ to 2	ft.																	. \$	\$(١.'	7	ŏ
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VITEX agnus-castus.

Sessilifolia. Blooms late in June; yellow flowers; in autumn the foliage turns yellow and red 2 to 3 ft., 50e; 3 to 4 ft., 75c Callosa alba Fortunei (White Spirea). Blooms white all summer Callosa. This is a dwarf pink Spirea. Blooms in clusters during June and

..... 2 to 3 ft., 50c

SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus (Snowberry). Flowers white or pink, followed by white berries which remain until midwinter...2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c

Vulgaris alba (White Lilac) 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50

TAMARIX africana.

Tomeutosum plicatum (Japanese Snowball). Similar to V. o the balls are larger, often measuring 4 inches in diameter. Similar to V. opulus sterile, but Hardy in most



Spirea Billiardi,

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS - Beautybush

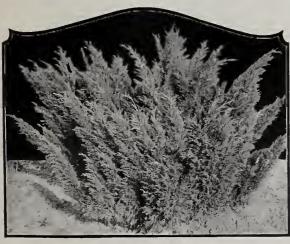
An attractive ornamental shrub when in bloom and after blooming. The long, drooping branches are covered in the spring with clusters of small, delicate pink blooms, similar to the honeysuckle bloom. The habit of the plant and the beautiful foliage make this plant attractive after the blooming season. A perfectly hardy plant. 75c and \$1.00 each



Kolkwitzia Amabilis.

Evergreens —

Evergreens are indispensable to a well rounded planting scheme. The main point in their favor is the fact that they provide a warm, live green cotor during months when no trees and only a few shrubs show any color at all. Evergreens are ideal for windbreaks, for ornamental planting, both formal and informal, and for a screen to shut out any undesirable view. Schulz evergreens are well known for their exceptional hardiness and fine appearance. We exercise extreme care in growing and are especially careful to pack and ship so that the tree is in the best possible condition when it reaches the customer. Every tree gets the same attention.



Juniperus Sabina.

Culture of Evergreens

On the whole, sandy soils are best for evergreens, although only a few are adapted to poor soils. They prefer a rich, well drained, sandy loam.

The one thing to watch in transplanting evergreens is to keep the roots wet. If they are a little dry when they arrive, wet them, and keep them well dampened until they are in the soil, and follow the planting with plenty of water. If they can not be planted the day they arrive, dig a trench and cover the roots tightly with burlap and a few inches of dirt and water. To plant, dig a hole twice as large as is necessary, and fill with good loam until there is just room enough for the roots. Place the tree in the hole, and remove the bag after it is in. Spread out the roots if they are not in a ball of dirt. Fill in with good loam soil, packing it tight, and watering considerably. The ground around the tree should be thoroughly soaked twice a week.

Sabina (Savin Juniper). A spreading shrub with dense dark green foliage. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft., \$2.50; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft., \$3.00; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., \$3.50

Virginiana (Red Cedar). Native from Canada into the Gulf States; freely branching and with green or bronze green foliage..... 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.00; 2½ to 3 ft., \$3.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$4.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$6.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$7.50.

PICEA canadensis (P. alba) (White Spruce). Light bluish green foliage. Hardy through all of the northern states and into Canada...1 to 1½ ft., \$2.00; 2 to 2½ ft., \$3.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$6.00

Pungens (Blue Spruce; Colorado Spruce). Native of the Rocky Mountains; foliage bluish green, rigid and sharply pointed.......... 1 to 1½ ft, \$4.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$6.00; 2 to 2½ ft., \$7.50; 2½ to 3 ft., \$8.00; 3 to 3½ ft., \$10.00.

Pungens Kosteri (Koster's Blue Spruce). Foliage pronounced silvery blue; makes a prominent specimen in an evergreen planting..................................Specimens, \$15.00 and up

PSEUDOTSUGA Douglasi (Abies Douglasi) (Douglas Fir). A tall growing Evergreen with dark green foliage and slightly bending branches. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$3.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$5.00

Baccata repandens. A dwarf or prostrate-growing variety, excellent for hedges, mass planting, and for covering banks....

1 to 1½ ft., \$3.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$5.00

TSUGA canadensis (Hemlock). For enlivening winter aspect of deciduous planting, especially in woods or shade, or in graceful masses, as a hedge plant that stands clipping, or as a specimen. 1½ to 2 ft., \$3.00; 2 to 2½ ft., \$3.50; 2½ to 3 ft., \$6.00; 3½ to 4 ft., \$7.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$10.00.



Thuya Occidentalis—American Arbor-Vitae,

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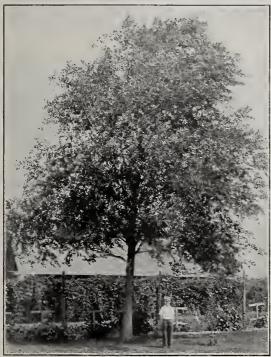
To mark your plants permanently. See page 15.



Shade Trees—Deciduous

Nowhere are more beautiful or desirable trees to be found than the grand old specimens of our American forests. If you want to add greatly to the permanent value of your place, plant shade trees. Like every other good thing, they take some time to grow, but they will repay you a thousand times for the time you wait in grateful shade in summer and glorious autumn colors. We list all the old favorites that you know so well and also many other trees that you may not be so familiar with.

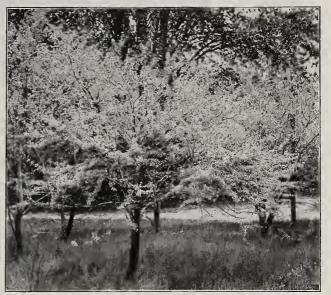
ACER platanoides (Norway Maple). Generally considered the best street and shade tree; entirely hardy, growing even under adverse conditions. 8 ft., 1½ to 1½ in, caliper, \$2.50; 10 ft., 1½ to 2 in. caliper, \$4.50; 12 ft., 2½ in. caliper, \$6.00,



Chinese Elm.

Lutea (Yellow Birch). The bark is very thin and toned with silvery gray....... 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00; 6 to 8 ft., \$3.00

KOELREUTERIA paniculata (Varnish Tree), Introduced from China. Bears yellow flowers in July which contrast beautifully with the deep green foliage....5 to 6 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 8 ft., \$2.00



Cercis Canadensis-Judas Tree,

Culture of Shade Trees and Shrubs

Deciduous tree requirements are very much the same as evergreens, except that there is more variation in soil requirements. However, a rich soil, with plenty of watering, is desirable in all plants. If the trees are large and are likely to be blown over easily, it is best to brace them with guy wires, taking care to have the tree well protected where the wire is fastened. Prune the tops after planting. Cut out interfering branches and about one-third of the previous year's growth.



Peonies~

Another old favorite that is growing in popularity. Peonies start in late May and bloom throughout June, even into early July in some parts of the country. They are a glorious flower, many of them sweet-scented and rivalling the rose for beauty and delicacy of fragrance. You've never known how beautiful Peonies can be until you've tried some of the "Kentucky Bred" varieties.

Large Double Peonies

ALBERT CROUSSE. (Crousse, 1893). A large, flat, compact bomb. Color, rose-white, flecked crimson. Free bloomer. Late. 75c each

AVALANCHE. (Crousse, 1886). Large, compact, globular rose type. Pure white, edged with carmine, Midseason...75c each

ETTA. (Terry). Large, flat rose type. Uniform, pale hydrangea pink; fragrant. Medlum height. Late...........\$1.00 each

GEORGE W, TRYON. (Richardson). Large, compact, flat rose type. Pale lilac-rose, salmon shadings at base of center petals. Fragrant. Erect. Medium, compact habit. Late. Extra good.

GRETCHEN. (Goos & Koenemann, 1911). Perfectly formed; petals lively blush pink. Center pink, canary yellow and salmon. A variety of great beauty. For fall delivery only....\$3.50 each

HARRIET FARNSLEY. (Brand, 1916). Color, soft plnk; fades lighter to almost white. Large rose type. Late....\$1.00 each

Culture of Peonies

Pronics will thrive in most any soil, providing It is well fertilized and worked up. Good soil preparation consists in digging it up to a depth of 18 inches and mixing in about 10% of well rotted manure and leaf mold. A deep, loose soil for planting holds the moisture longer, contains more alr, and gives the roots a better chance to spread out and find nourishment. All of these are essential to successful garden culture. It is easier to keep soils in a "friable" condition when there is plenty of organic matter present, such as manure and leaf mold. These are necessary both for their plant food and their physical aid in cultivation.

Planting

Peony roots may be planted in early spring, as soon as the frost is out of the ground, or in the fall. If planted in the fall, they will need protection their first winter. A covering of four inches of leaves will serve very well. Plant the roots about three inches deep in the well worked seed bed, from 2 to 3 feet apart.

Cultivation

Peonies are very hardy and will need no winter protection after their first winter. In fact, they will grow and give beautiful blooms with only the minimum care the year around. However, they respond to the careful cultivation of the garden lover with larger and more brilliant flowers. The essence of this cultivation is to keep the soil rich and friable, beginning In early spring, as soon as the ground becomes workable. Well-rotted manure or bone meal may be worked into the soil to a depth of two inches in the spring, being careful to keep any fertilizer away from the crown. Peonies like plenty of watering. If large flowers are desired, pick off the lateral buds. This throws the strength into the top buds.



Albiflora.



Albert Crousse.



Karl Rosenfield.

- KARL ROSENFIELD. (Rosenfield, 1908). Large, globular, compact, semi-rose type. Unsurpassed as an early, brilliant red. \$1.00 each

- LADY ALEXANDRA DUFF. (Kelway). Large cup-shaped flower, with extremely wide petals. Outer petals are pale rose, gradually shading lighter toward the center to a rosy white center to a rosy white center to a rosy white rose.

- LORA DEXHEIMER. (Brand, 1913). This is a large, flat, semirose type. Color flaming crimson, shaded darker at the base of petals. Of medium height. Early bloomer\$1.00 each
- LORD KITCHENER. (Kelway). Purplish crimson; very upright, robust grower. Early flowering and immense size ... \$2.00 each
- LUETTA PFEIFFER, (Brand, 1916). Early, very large semi-double. A pure hydrangea pink with enough golden stamens to make the flower fascinating and beautiful. Free bloomer and a sturdy grower. For fall delivery only......\$3,00 each
- MME. JULES DESSERT. (Dessert, 1913). Rose type. Midseason. Color, pure white overlaid with a sheen of delicate blush with a pronounced plnk center, intermixed with go'den staniens. For fall delivery only.......................\$2.50 each
- MME. EMILE LEMOINE. (Lemoine, 1899). Large, semi-globular, semi-rose type. Milk white; fragrant. Midseason.75c each
- MAGNIFICA. (Miellez, 1856). Large, compact, globular rose type, Hydrangea pink; fragrant. Erect. Dwarf habit. Late.\$1.00 each
- MARGUERITE GAUDICHAU. (Millet). Fine cup-shaped flower; white, suffused with pink. Extra fine.......\$3.00 each
- MARIE CROUSSE. (Crousse, 1892). Bomb type, midseason. Color, soft salmon-pink, shaded a glossy, satiny lilac. A most desirable Peony. For fall delivery only............\$2.00 each
- MARIE JACQUIN. (Verdier). Very large, globular, seml-double, rose-white, shading to lilac-white. Wide, incurved petals, showing an open center filled with yellow stamens, like a water lily. Strong and free bloomer. Midseason.....75e each



Sarah Bernhardt.

MARY HOLLIS. (Hoilis, 1907). Large, flat, medium, compact rose type. Guards pale lilac-rose; center lilac-white, showing yellow stamens. Tali, compact habit......\$1.00 each

MATHILDE DE ROSENECK. (Crousse, 1883). Large, globular rose type. Uniform, pale lilac-rose, Wide petals, center deep carmine. Fragrant. Strong grower and free bloomer. Lace.

MILTON HILL. (Richardson). True. Very large, giobuiar, compact rose type. Pale lilac-rose, a distinct, pure color. Strong growth. Medium height. Late\$1.50 each

MINAMOTA. (Millet). Very outstanding and unusual. Almost semi-double, of the most gorgeous rose-plnk fairly sparkling with life. A large mass of yellow stamens interspersed through the center gives a golden glow to the entire flower. Blooms very large, the laterals developing at the same time as the main flower. Very robust grower and free flowering. Medium height and erect stems.

\$3.00 each

MONS, MARTIN CAHUZAC. (Dessert, 1899). Giobular, semi-rose type; very dark garnet with black reflex. The darkest Peony. A distinct and handsome varlety\$2.50 each

PRIMEVERE. (Lemoine, 1907). Bomb type; midseason. Outer petals sulphur white; center petals deep sulphur yellow. Best yellow Peony grown. For fall delivery only......\$2.00 each

REINE HORTENSE. (Syn. President Taft). (Caiot, 1857). Midseason. Enormous, compact flat flower of soft flesh color, deepening to shell pink. Center showing crimson splashes, sometimes faint stripes on the face of the petals. Well formed and very striking. Deliciously fragrant. A vigorous grower and profuse bloomer. Rose type. Fine for cut flowers and usually in bloom just about Decoration Day. A. P. S. rating 8.7.

\$\frac{\$\psi_0\$}{2}\$ or \$\psi_0\$ or \$\psi_0\$ or \$\psi_0\$.

R. P. WHITFIELD. (Richardson). Large, compact, flat rose type. Hydrangea pink; fragrant. Erect. Late...\$1.50 each RUTH BRAND. (Brand, 1907). A large, compact bomb, with guard petals enclosing a grand ball of compact center petals. Color, soft lavender-pink, shaded deeper lavender...\$2.00 each

Baroness Schroeder, \$1.00 each.



SARAH BERNHARDT. (Lemoine, 1916). Semi-rose type; late midseason. Apple blossom pink with each petal silver tipped, giving the appearance of a distinct border of pure white. The strongest growing of all Peonies.......................\$1.00 each

SOLANGE. (Lemon, 1907). Unusually large, full, compact, globular crown type. Outer petals delicate lilac-white, deepening towards the center with salmon shadings. Tall, erect, strong grower. Late. Extra good......\$2.00 each

SOUVENIR LOUIS BIGOT. (Dessert, 1913). Rose type; midseason. Color, Bengal rose, turning to salmon-pink, with very bright, silvery reflex. For fall delivery only.......\$3.50 each

STRASSBURG. (Goos & Koenemann, 1911). Large bloom eight inches in diameter. Very compact and perfectly formed. Silvery lilac-rose. For fall delivery only........\$2.50 each

TOURANGELLE. (Dessert, 1910). Rose type; late midseason. Pearly white overlaid with delicate salmon and with shades of La France. For fall delivery only..........\$2.50 each

VENUS. (Kelway). Large, compact crown, with hydrangea pink petals. True stock is scarce. Midseason........75c each

VICTOIRE DE LA MARNE. (Dessert, 1915). Velvety amaranthred with silver reflex. A very bright color. For fall delivery only.....\$2.50 each

Japanese Peonies

CRYSTAL QUEEN. (Japanese). Pure white, handsome, large flowers. The plant is a strong, free bloomer\$2.00 each

DAWN. (Japanese). (Wallace). Very large flowers of firm texture. Beautiful soft pink, with central cushion of straw-colored stamens. A lovely flower..........\$2.50 each

FELICITY. (Japanese). White, yellow filamental petals. The contrasting colors make it very brilliant......\$2.00 each

MIKADO. (Barr). Japanese Peony. Color, dark crimson with narrow crimson filamental petals, edged and tipped gold.....\$2.50 each

OLIVIA. (Japanese). Large, flat Japanese type. Guards lilacwhite, the center mass of long, threadlike amber petals; fragrant. Strong, erect and of medium height.......\$2.00 each

RUIGEGNO. (Japanese type). Dark maroon. For fall delivery only......\$4.00 each

SEIRU SOMAE. (Japanese). Milk white, outer petals, yellow collar. Late. Strong grower. For fall delivery only.\$2.00 each

Kentucky Favorite Peony Garden

Order Special Garden No. 10

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1.00
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75
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75
\$4.75
\$3.00
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Alexandriana				 			 	 	 			 	.75
Delachei				 	٠.		 	 	 			 	.75
Delicatissima				 			 	 	 			 	.75
Mme. de Verneville				 		٠.		 ٠.	 	٠.	٠.	٠.	.75
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Value				 			 	 		٠.		 ٠.	\$4.50
Single Collection				 			 	 				 \$2	.50
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Single Peonies

ALBIFLORA. Single, pure white. Very large, tall; free bloomer; \$1.00 each

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A Garden of Gladioli

A riot of colors

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Tritoma-Red Hot Poker.

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A Suggestion

Why not, on your birthday, send your mother a nice assortment of bulbs, or perhaps a selection of hardy perennials, a few nice shrubs, an evergreen, or perhaps a nice tree of some sort. One always wonders just what to send—get away from the beaten path, try our tip—I am sure you'll never regret it. If you will phone or write us, we will be delighted to offer further suggestions. A card with your message will be attached if desired.

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